

ERRATA

to the Final Report of the Truth and Reconciliation Commission, October 1998

VOLUME ONE

Page 67

Add to footnote 13: 'Volume Four, Chapter Eight'.

Page 106

Add to footnote 3: 'Volume Five, Chapter Nine.'

Page 107

Paragraph 16: The reference to a 'security police parcel bomb' in line 6 should read 'security force parcel bomb'.

Page 108

Paragraph 21: The chapter on 'Reconciliation' referred to appears in Volume Five, Chapter Nine.

Page 149

Add to footnote 3: 'Volume Four, Chapters One to Seven.'

Page 201

Paragraph 2: Replace the last sentence as follows: 'Notable amongst those that could not be traced were the records of the National Security Management System (NSMS) diverse substructures.'

Page 202

Paragraph 6: Replace the last sentence as follows: 'The records and files were disposed of in terms of the Personnel and Financial plans by which the CCB was managed, aspects of which were included in the contracts of the CCB members on attestation.'

Page 208

Paragraph 27: 'Section 1 of the Archives Act' should read 'Section 3 of the Archives Act'.

Page 211

Footnote 11: 'Appendix A' should read 'Appendix 1'.

Page 218

Paragraph 56: Replace the last sentence as follows: 'From 1 January 1995, the National Intelligence Service (NIS) and the three remaining former homeland services were amalgamated, together with the intelligence structures of the liberation movements, to form the NIA and SASS.'

Page 220

Paragraph 62: 'appendices B and C' should read 'appendices 2 and 3'.

Page 292

Add to footnote 5: 'Volume Five, Chapters Nine and Ten'.

Page 373

Add to footnote 1: 'Volume Five, Chapter Eight'.

Page 430

Paragraph 36d: The name 'Maquina' should read 'Maquina'.

VOLUME TWO

Page 57

Paragraph 58: Delete the sentence 'This is certainly the view of former army and SADF chief, General Geldenhuys'. Replace the first part of the following sentence with 'Former army and SADF chief, General Geldenhuys said in his autobiography that:'

Page 70

Paragraph 102: Allegations of torture by SADF members at a camp at Osiri in Namibia are withdrawn in that the camp referred to in this paragraph (there were two places in Namibia called Osiri) was not under the authority of the SADF.

Page 102

Paragraph 226: The name 'Makau' should read 'Mmakau'.

Page 103

Paragraph 230: The name 'Lehlonohono' should read 'Lehlohonolo'.

Page 106

Paragraph 242: Replace 'Two passengers in the car' in line 4 with 'Two bodyguards who were standing next to the car'. The name 'Mr Thokozane Mkhize' should read 'Mr Mlungisi Thokozani Mthalane (MK name Magebhula)'.

Page 106

Paragraph 243: Replace 'for which they have applied for amnesty' in line 3 with 'for which Nofomela and Tshkilange have applied for amnesty'.

Page 107

Paragraph 245: Replace 'eight-year-old daughter, Katryn,' in line 4 with 'six-year-old daughter, Katryn'.

Page 108

Paragraph 254: Replace the name 'Mr Rogers Nkadimeng' in line 1 with 'Mr Vernon Nkadimeng (aka MK Rogers Mevi)'.

Page 109

Paragraph 257: Replace the fifth sentence (line 5) with 'Those killed were Lulamile Dantile (MK name Morris Seabelo), Vivian Stanley Mathee (MK name Trevor), Nomkhosi Mini (MK name Mary Thabethe), Joseph Monwabisi Mayoli (MK name Themba), and three Basotho citizens, Amelia Leseuyehyo, Mankaelang Mohatle and Boemo Tau.'

Page 110

Paragraph 261: Replace the name 'Mr Philip Nwanematsu' in line 1 with 'Mr Philip Ngwana Makau Edward Khuto'; and the name 'Mr Busi 'Mzala' Majola' in line 2 with 'Ms Busi Majola'.

Page 113

Paragraph 276: Replace the last sentence with 'A Batswana woman, Ms Mmaditsebe Phetolo (33), her daughter Kgomotso (7), and her niece, Tshegofatso Mabeo (aged nine months) were killed. Amongst those injured were the infant's mother, Ms Seonyana Mabeo (20), Ms Phetolo's 12-year-old son, Philip, and a Zimbabwean citizen, Mr Taramuka Samson Mpopu (40).'

Page 112-3

Paragraphs 273-5 imply that security police agent, Keith McKenzie, was involved in the planning of an operation which resulted in the death of three Batswana citizens and serious injuries to seven others. In the amnesty hearing into this matter, it was revealed that Mr McKenzie was unaware that the vehicle he was driving had been fitted with an explosive device.

Page 113

Paragraph 278: Replace the name 'Mr Tutu Nkwanyane' in line 3 with 'Mr Thulani Vincent 'Tutu' Nkwanayama' and the name 'Mr Shezi Msimang' in line 4 with 'Mr Shezi Msimanga'.

Page 113

Paragraph 279: Replace the name 'Mr Cassius Make' in line 1 with 'Mr Job Tabana (aka Cassius Make)'; and the name 'Mr Paul Dikaledi' in line 2 with 'Mr Peter Sello Motau (aka Paul Dikaledi)'.

Page 114

Paragraph 281: The name 'Pantsu Smith' in line 5 should read 'Pansu Smith'.

Page 114

Paragraph 283: The name 'Tszini' in line 8 should read 'Tsinini'.

Page 121

Paragraph 317: The dates in the first sentence '7 April and 13 October 1988' should read '7 April and 13 October 1987'.

Page 122

Paragraph 321: The first sentence 'In March/April 1989...' should read 'On 11 December 1988...'.

Page 122

Paragraph 322: Replace the first sentence with 'The house was blown up in the attack and, according to the amnesty applicants, two persons were killed, namely, MK operative Ronald Mosebetsi Mapuoa (aka Sidwell Mbele) and a 15-year-old Batswana teenager, Rapula Thika.'

Page 128

Paragraph 351: Replace the name 'Mr Leonard Loghudu Mngomezulu' in line 3 with 'Ms Lokutu Mngomezulu'.

Page 133

Paragraph 373: Replace the name 'Ms Nokhuthula Aurelia Dlamini' in line 1 with 'Ms Nokhuthula Aurelia Simelane'.

Page 133

Paragraph 374: Replace the name 'Derrick Mahobane (aka Mpho Mashoeng)' in line 2 with 'Mpho Mashoeng (aka Derrick Mashobane)'.

Page 145

Paragraph 424: Replace this paragraph with the following: 'Twenty lives were lost in this raid, in which three houses were attacked and largely destroyed. They included Mr José Ramos, a Portuguese citizen killed at a roadblock, three of the attackers – Sergeants Robert Hutchinson and Ian Sutil and Lieutenant Corporal JK Park, all Rhodesians. The Commission can confirm the identities of thirteen of the sixteen South Africans killed in this raid killed, namely: Mr Thabang Moses Bookholane, Mr Mduduzi Guma, Mr Lancelot Mfanafuthi Hadebe, Mr William Khanyile, Mr Bhekumuzi Lawrence Magubane, Mr Levinson Mandisi Manakaza, Mr Dumisani Matandela, Mr Motso Aubrey Mokgabudi, Mr Daniel Molebatsi, Mr Nelson Nduamvula, Mr Stephen Ngcobo, Mr Krishna Rabilal, Mr Sizinzo Skweyiya. Two occupants of the houses were injured in the attack but survived. They were Ms Naledi Eugenia Dongwe and Mr Themba Dimba while two were abducted and forcibly returned to South Africa where they were pressured to become *askaris*. One of these, Mr Vuyani Mavuso, refused to co-operate with the police and was subsequently killed on the orders of the head of C section of the Security Branch.'

Page 145–6

Paragraph 426: Replace 'two of his teenage children, Mzukisi and Thandisw' in line 8 with 'two of his children, his son Mzukisi (17) and his daughter Thandiswa (32)'.

Page 151

Paragraph 449: Replace 'a prominent local footballer, Mr Jabulani Masila' in line 3 with 'a Ministry of Agriculture employee, Mr Gilbert Masilla'. Replace the

second and third sentences with the following 'Amongst the injured were two local footballers, Mr Alexander Koka and Mr Galolame Makobu, while the fourth victim was an unidentified member of the Botswana Defence Force. Masilla was another case of mistaken identity'.

Page 152

Paragraph 457: Replace the name 'Mr Patrick Sandile Vundla (aka Godfrey Mokoena and Charles Naledi)' in line 3 with 'Mr Patrick Sandile Mvundla (aka Naledi Sehume or Charles Mokoena)'.

Page 171

Paragraph 28: Replace the last part of the fifth sentence (line 6) with 'killing eleven security force personnel and ten civilians'.

Page 212

Paragraph 186: The date '9 or 10 June 1998' in the first sentence should read '9 or 10 June 1988'.

Page 241

Paragraph 310 and 311, the name 'Kkhubeka' should read 'Khubeka'.

Page 242

Subheading between paragraphs 316 and 317, the name 'Vilikazi' should read 'Vilakazi'.

Page 245

Paragraph 326: The date '1982' in line 4 should read '1981'.

Page 249

Paragraph 347: The date '12 June 1988' in line 6 should read '8 June 1988'. The name 'Mr Surendra Makhosi Nyoka' in line 8 should read 'Ms Surenda Nyoka'. The name 'Mr Lenny Naidu' in line 9 should read 'Mr Lenny Naidoo'.

Page 250

Paragraph 348: The name 'Mr Nkosi Thenjekwayo' in line 2 should read 'Mr Nkosinathi Thenjwayo'.

Page 258

Move subheading 'COSAS students Hoseo Lengosane, Joseph Mazibuko ...' to paragraph 387 on page 259.

Page 269

Replace subheading 'Skorpion' with 'Oupa Ronald Madondo (aka MK Scorpion or MK Skorpion)'.

Page 278

Paragraphs 466 and 467: Delete the words 'emphasis added' from the end of each quotation.

Page 284

Paragraph 492: The date '14 and 18 May' in line 2 should read '14 and 18 May 1987'.

Page 296

Paragraph 546: 'Ipeleng' in line 1 should read 'Ipeleng'.

Page 560

Paragraph 27: The year '1979' in line 3 should read '1989'.

Page 567

Paragraph 52: The date '29 December 1989' in line 3 should read '20 December 1988'.

Page 592

Paragraphs 44: Replace the first sentence with the following: 'On 22 April 1990, five members of the Chand family, Samsodien, Hajira and their children Amina (25) Ridwan (26), and Emraan (16), were killed in an attack on their home in Botswana. A Batswana citizen, Mr Pule Matheakwena (60), who was a security guard, was also killed in the attack.'

Page 595
Paragraph 59: The name 'Kopper' in line 6 should read 'Klopper'.

Page 604
Paragraph 96: The first part of the first sentence should read 'After the Boipatong massacre ...'.

Page 646
Paragraph 278: The Commission withdraws the assertion that Colonel Jan Breytenbach was at some time commander of the 'Volksle_r'.

Paragraph 280: The Commission withdraws the assertion that General Constand Viljoen was leader of the Afrikaner Volksfront (line 4). General Viljoen was, however, on its Directorate of Generals.

Page 658
Paragraph 340: Mr Gabriel Shabangu and three others are reported as being killed at a roadblock mounted by AWB members. This is incorrect. Mr Shabangu survived while the other three died.

VOLUME THREE

Page 34
Paragraph 1: Replace '6 665 million people' in line 5 with '6.65 million people'.

Page 87
Paragraph 181: The first part of the first sentence should read 'Until August 1985...'

Page 92
Paragraph 202: The finding pertaining to the SADF is withdrawn.

Page 98
Paragraph 229: The phrase in the first sentence 'at the funeral of the Cradock Four' should be deleted.

Page 117
Paragraph 298: The name 'Ms Johan Martin 'Sakkie' van Zyl' in line 6 should read 'Mr Johan Martin 'Sakkie' van Zyl'.

Page 143
Paragraph 399: The date '2 September 1992' in the first line of the Commission's finding should read '7 September 1992'.

Page 221
Paragraph 182: The reference as to when Inkatha hit-squad activities were formulated, in the second paragraph of the Commission's finding, is withdrawn. The Commission erred in its original finding that the intention to form hit squads for Inkatha was formulated only months into Operation Marion. The intention to establish hit squads was evident from documented deliberations made at the very start of the operation between the SADF, the State Security Council and Inkatha.

Page 229
Paragraph 193: The first part of the sentence beginning on line 22 should read 'Mr Johan Smit, whose son Cornelius died in the explosion ...'

Page 284
'The Killing of Claire Stewart'. Replace 'a British citizen' in line 2 with 'a South African national'.

Page 294
The Commission's finding in paragraph 348 is incorrect and is withdrawn. The Commission erred in conflating two events, namely the killing of 23 IFP supporters by ANC supporters at Richmond, Natal, on 29 March 1991, and the killing of 14 ANC supporters by IFP supporters

at Ndaleni, near Richmond between 21 and 23 June 1991.

Page 432
Paragraph 153: The date '3 March 1986' in line 9 should read '12 March 1986'.

Page 436
Paragraph 168: Replace 'police' in line 1 with 'members of the Railway Police'.

Page 437
Paragraph 174: Replace this paragraph with the following paragraph:
'During the night of 25 March 1986, Mr Lennox Thabang Maphalane (CT00706) and Mr Goodman Bongani Dastile were killed when security forces concealed in a truck opened fire on people near Crossroads. The following day, Mr Eric Heynes and two others were killed when police concealed in a house opened fire on protestors near Crossroads.'

Page 451
'The Gugulethu Seven': The name 'Mr Zola Swelani' in line 4 should read 'Mr Zola Selani'.

Page 466
Paragraph 257: Mr Roelf Meyer was not present at the SSC meeting on 14 April 1986 and was not at the time a member of the Cabinet. He became Deputy Minister only on 1 December 1986. Mr Meyer's name is duly withdrawn from the first sentence.

Page 657
Paragraph 477: The name 'Gous' in line 6 should read 'Gouws'.

Page 696
The Commission's finding in paragraph 618 is incorrect and is withdrawn. The Commission erred in failing to attribute responsibility for the killing of five IFP supporters in a hand grenade attack at the Jabulani stadium on 8 September 1991, and in attributing responsibility to the IFP for deaths of thirteen (rather than eight) persons in a retaliatory attack that followed this event.

VOLUME FOUR

None

VOLUME FIVE

Page 133
Paragraph 39: the name 'Mr Mike Wilsner' should read 'Mr Mike Worsnip'. (..p787)

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

| | |
|------------|--|
| ADM | African Democratic Movement |
| ANC | African National Congress |
| ANCYL | ANC Youth League |
| APLA | Azanian People's Liberation Army |
| AVF | Afrikaner Volksfront |
| Avstig | Afrikaner Vryheidstigting |
| AVU | Afrikaner Volksunie ('Afrikaner People's Union') |
| AWB | Afrikaner Weerstandsbeweging ('Afrikaner Resistance Movement') |
| AZAPO | Azanian People's Organisation |
| BBB | Blanke Bevrydingsbeweging ('White Liberation Movement') |
| BCM | Black Consciousness Movement |
| BNF | British National Front |
| BRL | Boere Republikeinse Leër ('Boer Republican Army') |
| BSA | Business Software Alliance |
| BWB | Boereweerstandsbeweging |
| BWB | Boereweerstandsbeweging ('Boer Resistance Movement') |
| CALS | Centre for Applied Legal Studies |
| CASE | Community Agency for Social Enquiry |
| CAT | Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment |
| CBOs | Community-based organisations |
| CCB | Civil Co-operation Bureau |
| CD-ROM | Compact disc: read-only memory |
| CEO | Chief executive officer |
| Commission | Truth and Reconciliation Commission |
| Committee | Amnesty Committee |
| COSAG | Concerned South Africans Group |
| COSAS | Congress of South African Students |
| COSATU | Congress of South African Trade Unions |
| CP | Conservative Party |
| DCC | Directorate of Covert Collection |
| DLB | 'Dead letter box', or arms cache |
| DM | Deutsche Mark |
| DRST | Designated reparation statement taker |
| EAAF | Argentine Forensic Anthropology Team |
| ECC | End Conscription Campaign |
| FA | Freedom Alliance |
| FF | Freedom Front |
| FNLA | National Front for the Liberation of Angola |
| GDR | German Democratic Republic |
| HNP | Herstigte Nasionale Party ('Re-established National Party') |
| HOD | Head of Department |
| HRC | Human Rights Commission |
| HRV | Human rights violations |
| HRVC | Committee on Human Rights Violations (or Human Rights Violations Committee) |
| IACHR | Inter-American Commission on Human Rights |
| IBIIR | Independent Board of Inquiry into Informal Repression |
| ICCPR | International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights |
| ICRC | International Committee of the Red Cross |
| ICTY | International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia |
| IEC | Independent Electoral Commission |
| IFP | Inkatha Freedom Party – known as Inkatha prior to July 1990 |
| IJ | Intelligence Johannesburg |
| ILO | International Labour Organisation |
| IMF | International Monetary Fund |
| ISU | Internal Stability Unit |
| IT | Information Technology |
| IU | Investigation Unit |
| JMC | Joint Management Centre |
| KLA | KwaZulu Legislative Assembly |
| KZP | KwaZulu Police |
| LAN | Local area network |

| | |
|---------|---|
| MASA | Medical Association of South Africa |
| MHQ | Military Headquarters |
| MK | Umkhonto we Sizwe |
| NAT | ANC's Security Department |
| NEC | National Executive Committee |
| NEC | National Executive Council |
| NGO | Non-governmental organisation |
| NIS | National Intelligence Service |
| NLA | Natal Liberation Army |
| NP | National Party |
| NSMS | National Security Management System |
| NSP | Nasional Sosialiste Partisane |
| NUM | National Union of Mineworkers |
| OAU | Organisation of African Unity |
| OB | Orde Boerevolk |
| PAC | Pan Africanist Congress |
| PASO | Pan Africanist Student Organisation |
| PEBCO | Port Elizabeth Black Civic Organisation. |
| POTWA | Post and Telegraphic Workers' Association |
| POW | Prisoner of war |
| PWV | Pretoria–Witwatersrand–Vereeniging region |
| RPMC | Swaziland Regional Politico-Military Council |
| RRC | Committee on Reparation and Rehabilitation (or Reparation and Rehabilitation Committee) |
| SABC | South African Broadcasting Corporation |
| SACP | South African Communist Party |
| SADF | South African Defence Force |
| SADTU | South African Democratic Teachers Union |
| SANDF | South African National Defence Force |
| SANSCO | South African National Student Congress |
| SAP | South African Police |
| SAPA | South African Press Agency |
| SAPS | South African Police Services |
| SASRIA | SA Special Risks Association (Fund) |
| SDU | Self-defence unit |
| SIU | Soweto Intelligence Unit |
| SOYCO | Soweto Youth Congress |
| SPU | Self-protection unit |
| SSC | State Security Council |
| SWA | South West Africa (now Namibia) |
| TEC | Transitional Executive Council |
| TG | Toekomsgesprek ('Discussion of the Future') |
| TRC | Truth and Reconciliation Commission |
| TSK | <i>Tak Strategiese Kommunikasie</i> Strategic Communications Branch) |
| UDF | United Democratic Front |
| UIR | Urgent interim reparation |
| UK | United Kingdom |
| ULFE | Unit for Language Facilitation and Empowerment |
| UN | United Nations |
| UNHCHR | United Nations High Commission on Human Rights |
| UNISA | University of South Africa |
| UNITRA | University of Transkei |
| UNTAG | United Nations Transitional Action Group |
| US, USA | United States |
| USAID | United States Agency for International Development |
| WAB | Wêreld Apartheid Beweging ('World Apartheid Movement', aka 'World Preservatist Movement') |
| WAM | World Apartheid Movement |
| WAN | Wide area network |
| WK | Wenkommando ('Winning commando') |
| WPB | World Preservatist Movement |
| ZAPU | Zimbabwe African People's Union |
| ZCC | Zion Christian Church |

(....[indexpage](#))